



EXPAREL[®]
(bupivacaine liposome injectable suspension)

OPIOID FREE

EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2019 CMS APPROVES REIMBURSEMENT FOR EXPAREL IN ASCs

What can you do now to prepare for reimbursement?

- If EXPAREL is currently used in your ambulatory surgery center (ASC),
 - Discuss the potential benefits of Medicare’s reimbursement of EXPAREL with surgeons and anesthesiologists that work in your ASC
 - Educate the business office staff about the new rule and process to ensure they are aware that charges for EXPAREL should be billed with HCPCS code **C9290**
 - Contact your commercial payors to determine how EXPAREL can be added to your contracts to access reimbursement as a result of the Medicare rule
- If surgeons and/or anesthesiologists who work in your ASC are using EXPAREL in the acute care hospital setting, Medicare’s ASC reimbursement for EXPAREL may serve as an opportunity to determine if they can perform additional surgical procedures on Medicare patients in the ASC
- If surgeons and/or anesthesiologists who work in your ASC are not currently using EXPAREL, the ASC Medicare reimbursement should prompt a discussion on how a non-opioid-based postsurgical pain management option can provide clinical benefits and economic value

For details and guidance (referred to as **C9290 Implementation Guidance**) on how to access Medicare reimbursement and engage your commercial payors, please visit www.EXPAREL.com/reimbursement.

For additional information about reimbursement for EXPAREL, please contact **1-855-RX-EXPAREL (1-855-793-9727)** or reimbursement@pacira.com.

C9290
ADMINISTRATORS

Please see Indication and Important Safety Information on reverse and refer to accompanying full Prescribing Information.



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Indication

EXPAREL is indicated for single-dose infiltration in adults to produce postsurgical local analgesia and as an interscalene brachial plexus nerve block to produce postsurgical regional analgesia. Safety and efficacy have not been established in other nerve blocks.

Important Safety Information

EXPAREL is contraindicated in obstetrical paracervical block anesthesia.

Adverse reactions reported with an incidence greater than or equal to 10% following EXPAREL administration via infiltration were nausea, constipation, and vomiting; adverse reactions reported with an incidence greater than or equal to 10% following EXPAREL administration via interscalene brachial plexus nerve block were nausea, pyrexia, and constipation.

If EXPAREL and other non-bupivacaine local anesthetics, including lidocaine, are administered at the same site, there may be an immediate release of bupivacaine from EXPAREL. Therefore, EXPAREL may be administered to the same site 20 minutes after injecting lidocaine.

EXPAREL is not recommended to be used in the following patient population: patients <18 years old and/or pregnant patients.

Because amide-type local anesthetics, such as bupivacaine, are metabolized by the liver, EXPAREL should be used cautiously in patients with hepatic disease.

Warnings and Precautions Specific to EXPAREL

Avoid additional use of local anesthetics within 96 hours following administration of EXPAREL.

EXPAREL is not recommended for the following types or routes of administration: epidural, intrathecal, regional nerve blocks **other than interscalene brachial plexus nerve block**, or intravascular or intra-articular use.

The potential sensory and/or motor loss with EXPAREL is temporary and varies in degree and duration depending on the site of injection and dosage administered and may last for up to 5 days, as seen in clinical trials.

Warnings and Precautions for Bupivacaine-Containing Products

Central Nervous System (CNS) Reactions: There have been reports of adverse neurologic reactions with the use of local anesthetics. These include persistent anesthesia and paresthesia. CNS reactions are characterized by excitation and/or depression.

Cardiovascular System Reactions: Toxic blood concentrations depress cardiac conductivity and excitability which may lead to dysrhythmias, sometimes leading to death.

Allergic Reactions: Allergic-type reactions (eg, anaphylaxis and angioedema) are rare and may occur as a result of hypersensitivity to the local anesthetic or to other formulation ingredients.

Chondrolysis: There have been reports of chondrolysis (mostly in the shoulder joint) following intra-articular infusion of local anesthetics, which is an unapproved use.

Methemoglobinemia: Cases of methemoglobinemia have been reported with local anesthetic use.

Please refer to accompanying full Prescribing Information.

For more information, please visit www.EXPAREL.com or call 1-855-RX-EXPAREL (793-9727).

